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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1180822-3
Total Deleted Page(s) = 71
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Page 10 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 218 ~ Referral/Direct - 100-HQ-354477 Serial 129 / Criminal
Division;
Page 237 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 241 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 246 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Division;
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 No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERGIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DECODED COPY OTHERWISE  DECODED COPY	
WASHINGTON AND WASHINGTON FIELD 5 FROM NEWARK 26 12:56 P AB	
DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT	
STEWART ALSOP, JOSEPH ALSOP, UNKNOWN SUBJECT, ESP - X. REBUTEL JANUARY 25 LAST. DR. OPPENHEIMER CONTACTED. HE REQUESTED THAT INFORMATION CONCERNING GORDON, ARNESON NOT BE DISSEMINATED. AMENDED PAGES OF REPORT OF SA NEWARK, JANUARY, 13, 1951, WILL CONSIST OF ELIMINATING LAST TWO PARAGRAPHS OF PAGE FIVE. AMENDED PAGES WILL BE SUBMITTED WITH LETTER OF EXPLANATION. MCKEE	ь6 ь7с
NK R 5 WA SMS (U)	•
RECEIVED: 1-26-51 (1:46 PM GLA GLA GRACE)	
CC WASHINGTON FIELD	
WOSED NOSED VIGORIAN SPECIAL DECISIONS FINALIZED BY LEFT 16 198 PEVEN COMMITTEE SPECIAL SPECIA	
DATE: 7786 (U)	
If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated $\mathcal{T}$	

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No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, CODE UNDERLINE PORTI IIL INFORMATION CONTAINED MARKIN IS 13CHASSIFIED ANUARY 25, URGENT BECKET PHONE SHOWS SAC, NEBARK OTHERWISE ALSOP; UNKNOWN SUBJECT; ESPIONAGE - X. DATED JANUARY THIRTEEN, NINETEEN REREF SA FIFTY ONE, AT NEWARK AND URLET OF SAME DATE. URLET POINTS b6 b7C OUT THAT WHILE DR. OPPENHEIKER DID NOT REQUEST THAT HIS SUSPICIONS REGARDING GORDON ARNESON BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL. HE MAS RELUCTANT TO FURNISH ARNESON'S NAME AND REQUESTED CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZE ANY INVESTIGATION IS CONDUCTED TO ARNESON THAT IT BE DONE IN A METHOD WHICH WOULD NOT DISCLUSE THE FACT THAT HE HAD FURNISHED ARNESON'S NAME TO THE FBI. BUREAU DESIRES TO DISSEMINATE INFORMATION REGARDING ARMESON TO DEPARTMENT IN VIEW OF NATURE OF INVESTIGATION. NEWARK ADVISE IMMEDIATELY BY RETURN TELETIPE WHETHER REPORT MENTIONED ABOVE CAN BE DISSEMINATED IN PRESENT FORM OR THETHER OFPENHEIMER 'S IF IDENTITY IS TO BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL IS TO BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL. NEWARK REQUESTED TO FURNISH AFIROPRIATE AMENDED FAGES IN ORDER REPORT MAY BE DISSEMINATED. HOOVERWAA: Jpa V Ladd Nicho] llarbo FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Belmont DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 03-21-2014

## Iffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SUBJECT:

Director, FBI

January 30, 1951

GUY HOTTEL, SAC, Washington Field

STEWART ALSOP, et al

ESPIONAGE - X

Mr. R. GORDON ARNESON, Special Assistant to the Under-Secretary of State, advised this date that Mr. PAUL H. NITZE, Director of Policy Planning Staff, Office of Secretary of State, had some additional information to furnish in this case.

Mr. NITZE, who had previously been interviewed in this matter, and who, investigation developed was a close acquaintance of the ALSOPS, particularly JOSEPH-ALSOP, advised that he recently had occasion to visit with JOSEPH ALSOP. NITZE said that their conversation came around to the matter of the ALSOPS publishing classified information, at which point, NITZE took it upon himself to upbraid JOSEPH ALSOP for publishing classified information, in particular referring to the ALSOPS' article, "How Red A-Blast Was Detected".

JOSEPH ALSOP told NITZE that he knew there was considerable to-do regarding the ALSOPS having published that article. He said he regretted the publication of the article, but that his regret was for the reason that the article was merely a re-hash of two previous ALSOP articles. ALSOP explained that on that particular day, the ALSOPS had nothing special to write about and decided that since Senator OWEN BREWSTER had not long before declared that the Soviet Union did not have an atom bomb, it was about time to discredit BREWSTER's statement and to disabuse the public of any idea that the Russians did not have an atomic bomb. Accordingly, JOSEPH ALSOP took information from two prior ALSOP articles, and re-worked it to form the current article.

JOSEPH ALSOP told NITZE that the two prior articles had been published, one about a week ago, the other about six months ago. He said that the one article had been prepared by himself, JOSEPH ALSOP; the other by STEWART ALSOP. JOSEPH ALSOP told NITZE that his source of information for the original article which he wrote was a "highly placed person" in the government, who having legitimate access to the information, passed it on to ALSOP with the justification that he "felt it was information to which the American people were entitled". JOSEPH ALSOP told NITZE that STEWART ALSOP's source for the similar information was likewise a highly placed person in the government who felt it was information to which the American public was entitled. NITZE did not include whether JOSEPH ALSOP's statement should be taken to say that both JOSEPH's and STEWART's source was the same individual or separate individuals but in any event, on a high echelon and having legitimate access to the information.

65-5722

of the article, declared that the Soviet Union did not have an atomic bomb, it was time to discredit Brewster's statement. Accordingly, Joseph Alsop took information from two prior Alsop articles which were not specifically identified by Joseph Alsop and reworked the material to form the article "How Red A-Blast Das Detected." Joseph Alsop told Mr. Nitze that his source of information for the original article which he wrote was a "highly placed person in government," who having legal access to the information passed it on to Alsop with the justification that he "felt it was information to which the American people were entitled." Joseph Alsop further told Mr. Nitze that Stewart Alsop's source for similar information was likewise a highly placed person in government who felt that the American public was entitled to know the facts which were published.

Joseph Alsop did not indicate whether his source of information and that of his brother, Stewart Alsop, were one and the same individual, nor did he identify the source to which he made reference in his conversation with Mr. Nitze other than to state that the person was highly placed in government and had legal access to the information.

The above is being furnished for your information.

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Ur. Peyton Ford Deputy Attorney General Director, FBI

CONFIRMATAL

February 10, 1951

STENART ALSOP; JOSEPH ALSOP; UNKNOWN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - X

ON 9-23 19 17769

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Carl E. Graham dated January 13, 1951, at Maghington, D. C., relative to the above-captioned matter, a copy of which was forwarded to you by this Bureau under date of January 22, 1951.

You will note that on page 101 of the above report the results of an interview with Ur. Faul H. Nitze, Director, Policy Flanning Staff, Office of the Secretary of State, is set forth.

For your information, Wr. Nitze voluntarily furnished the Bureau with the following additional information under date of January 30, 1:51:

Mr. Nitze advised that he recently had occasion to visit Joseph Alsop with whom he has had previous association. During a conversation between Mr. Nitze and Joseph Alsop their conversation came around to the matter of the articles published by the Alsop's which contained classified information, and according to Mr. Mitze he took it upon himself to upbraid Joseph Alsop for publishing classified information, particularly information of the type which appeared in the Alsep's article, "How Red A-Blast Was Detected."

At this point Joseph Alsop advised yr. Nitse that he regretted the publication of the article, but that his regret was for the reason that the article in question was merely a rehash of two previous articles prepared by the Alsop brothers. Joseph Alsop stated that he was prompted to publish the article due to the fact that he had nothing special to write about and decided that since Senator Owen Brewster had, a short stiff of the October the date of the publication

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Ur. Peyton Ford . Deputy Attorney General

January 31,

Director, FBI

UNKNOWN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - X

STEVART ALSOP JOSEPH ALSOP

DECLASSIFIED BY 0578577124

Reference is made to our letter of January 22, 1 relative to the above-captioned matter; in which you were advised that detailed reports reflecting the results of in views with Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer, Dr. Robert F. Bacher Major General D. M. Schlatter and Mr. Carroll Wilson would be furnished to you as soon as they were received at this

copy of each of the following reports:

Report of Special Agent Wade H. Alley dated January 17, 1951, at Cincinnati, Ohio.

Report of Special Agent Francis X. McBride dated January 19, 1951, at New Haven.

Report of Special Agent \_\_\_\_\_\_ dated January 13, 1951, at Newark, New Jersey.

Report of Special Agent Arthur G. Wittenburg dated January 15, 1951, at Los Angeles -

previously forwarded to you under date of January 22, 1951, cours the investigation completed by the Durest incornect further investigation is desired.

Enclosures

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b6 b7C STANDARD FORM NO. 64

No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014

Hice Mei

GOVERNMENT

Director, FBI

January 20, 1951

SUBJECT:

STEWART ALSOP, et al

ESPIONAGE - X

SAC. WFO

Mr. JAMES E. WEBB, Under-Secretary of State, advised in connection with information furnished by him when interviewed in this case, that the State Department, in common with other Government agencies, indulged in what he described as "controlled leaks." By this he indicated that he meant furnishing exclusive information to various newspaper men on occasion, in order to accomplish some desired objective or advantage by a seeming inadvertent disclosure of information.

Mr. WEBB stated confidentially in this connection that Mr. BROMLEY K. SMITH, Special Assistant to the Secretary of State, is the individual who, under WEBB's direction, handles such matters, and the State Department official who handles all confidential contacts with ranking newsmen.

Mr. WEBB suggested that since SMITH specialized in such matters. and is so familiar with the modus operandi of ranking correspondents and columnists, that it might be well for the interviewing Agents to consult SMITH for any information he might have pertaining to this investigation.

Mr. WEBB made it clear that SMITH has had no connection with me any disclosure to the ALSOPS in instant matter.

No interview of SMITH is contemplated unless advised to the contrary by the Bureau.

CWL:el 65-5722

EX - 20

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNA

TO .

D. M. LADD

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

DATE: February

FROM

MR. A. H. BELM

SUBJECT:

JOSEPH ALSOP STEWARTOALSOP ESPIONAGE - X

## PURPOSE:

To recommend that the WFO interview Stewart Alsop in the presence of an attorney even though he has specifically stated if the interview involves his sources we are just wasting our time.

#### DETAILS:

You will recall that in connection with the investigat of Joseph and Stewart Alsop to determine whether a violation of law exists in connection with certain columns appearing in the newspapers, the Department has specifically requested that Stewa and Joseph Alsop be interviewed.

This afternoon Supervisor Oberndorf of the WFO advised that Stewart Alsop had been called to make an appointment for an interview. He declined to come to the WFO. He stated he could interviewed in his office but only in the presence of an attorne and that if the Agents wanted to talk to him about his sources to the could be a supervised to the could be a supervi were just wasting their time; they might just as well not come.

It is noted that no effort has been made to interview his brother, Joseph, as yet.

# RECOMMENDATION:

In view of the specific request of the Department both Stewart and Joseph Alsop be interviewed, it is recommended that they be interviewed in spite of the statements which Stewar, has made to the WFO in order that we can comply with the Department request. If you approve, the WFO will be instructed to proceed under the conditions outlined by Stewart Alsop 10-354477 RECORDED - OFEB. 15 12.1

CEH:mer

LINFORMATION CONTAINED

Mrs. Markey of Secretary

Office Mem.....lum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: MR. D. M. LADD

mile De me HADE

FROM:

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

MR. A. H. BELMONT

SUBJECT:

STEWART, ALSOP JOSEPH ALSOP ESPIONAGE - X DATE: February 16, 1951

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Glavin\_\_\_\_\_ Nichols\_\_\_\_ Rosen\_\_\_\_ Tracy\_\_\_\_

Nease\_\_\_

#### PURPOSE:

To advise you that Mr. Hennrich approved the designation Gandy of Special Agents Carl Graham and William Marr to handle the interview of Stewart and Joseph Alsop on February 15.

## DETAILS:

By letter dated February 12, 1951, the WFO was instructed to interview Stewart and Joseph Alsop thoroughly. They were further instructed that the assignment should be handled by the most experienced Agents available.

Prior to the interview, Mr. Hennrich inquired of the WFO

as to the identities of the Agents who would handle the interviews.

He was advised that Special Agents William Marr and Carl Graham had been designated. Mr. Hennrich approved this designation.

SA Carl Graham entered on duty with the Bureau May 5, 1941. His present status is excellent. He received a letter of commendation on December 18, 1950, for the excellent manner in which he handled an assignment relative to the bank robbery involving and others.

SA William H. Marr entered on duty with the Bureau October 5, 1942. His present status is excellent. Both of these Agents participated in the investigation of the case involving the Alsop brothers and the case was assigned to SA Graham.

Mr. Hennrich advised me that the matter had been taken up and I was satisfied that the WFO had been properly alerted.

## ACTION:

For your information.

ALL IMPORMATION CONTAINED

CEH:mer:ark

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b6 b7C No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26,

WASHINGTON FROM WASHINGTON FIELD

2/15/51

2 **P**M

DIRECTOR

URGENT

ATTENTION: MR. D. M. LADD

STEWART ALSOP; JOSEPH ALSOP; UNSUB; ESPIONAGE DASH X. REMYTEL F FOURTEENTH LAST. ALSOP BROTHERS INTERVIEWED AS SCHEDULED THIS DATE. BOTH BROTHERS WERE SPECIFICALLY ADVISED OF THE PURPOSE OF THE INTERVIEW AN

OF THE FACT THAT THE INVESTIGATION HAD BEEN CONDUCTED UPON INSTRUCTIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, STEWART ALSOP MADE CERTAIN PRELIMINARY REMARKS.

ASKED WHEN THE INVESTIGATION WAS INITIATED AND WHO HAD REQUESTED THE

ATTORNEY GENERAL TO INITIATE THE INVESTIGATION. HE WAS TOLD THE INVESTI-

GATION WAS INITIATED SHORTLY AFTER THE APPEARANCE OF THE DECEMBER THIRTY

ONE, NINETEEN FIFTY ARTICLE AND THAT INTERVIEWING AGENTS WERE NOT COGNIZANT

OF ANY INITIATING AUTHORITY OTHER THAN THE EXPRESS INSTRUCTIONS OF THE

ATTORNEY GENERAL. THE BROTHERS THEN EXPRESSED THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF THE

EXISTENCE OF THE INVESTIGATION SHORTLY AFTER ITS INCEPTION AND FURTHER

INDICATED, THEY KNEW IT HAD BEEN INITIATED AT THE SPECIFIC REQUEST OF QUOTE

ONE MAN ON A VERY HIGH LEVEL UNQUOTE AFTER THE MAN READ THE DECEMBER THIRTY

THE BROTHERS POINTED OUT THEY FELT THE INVESTIGATION HAD

BEEN BROUGHT ABOUT NOT BECAUSE OF ANY POSSIBLE VIOLATION OF SECURITY BUT

BECAUSE OF PERSONAL ANIMOSITY. IN THIS VEIN THEY POINTED OUT THE OCTOBER

THIRTEENTH ARTICLE CONTAINED INFORMATION WHICH IN SUBSTANCE HAD PREVIOUSLY

APPEARED IN OTHER NUMEROUS PUBLICATIONS AND NEWS ARTICLES WITHOUT THOSE

ARTICLES HAVING AROUSED ANY QUESTION OF A BR

INVOLVED. RELATIVE TO THE DECEMBER THIRTY FIRST ARTICLE, THEY LIKEWISE

POINTED OUT SIMILAR INFORMATION HAD PREVIOUSLY APPEARED IN PUBLIC PRINT ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS. FURTHER, IN THEIR OWN COLUMN OVER A YEAR AGO THEY SET FORTH SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME INFORMATION. NOSEPH ALSOP, WHO CONTRIBUTED MOST TO THE INTERVIEW, STATED THE DECEMBER THIRTY ONE ARTICLE WAS NOT UP TO HIS USUAL STANDARDS SINCE IT WAS A REHASH OF ONE OF THE PRIOR ALSOP ARTICLES AND HE WAS MOTIVATED TO WRITE THIS ARTICLE AFTER SENATOR ERIWSTER MADE THE QUOTE RIDICULOUS UNQUOTE STATEMENT THAT THE RUSSIANS DID NOT POSSESS THE A BOMB. SO FAR AS THE METHODS OF DETECTION CITED IN THE ARTICLE ARE CONCERNED, THEY COMMENTED THAT ANY INTELLIGENT HIGH SCHOOL PHYSICS TEACHER WOULD LOGICALLY MAKE THE SAME CONCLUSIONS .// JOSEPH COMMENTED THAT WELL OVER A YEAR AGO HE HAD LEARNED SUCH INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE DETECTION OF AN A BLAST FROM AN INTERVIEW WITH A GERMAN SCIENTIST IN GERMANY, WITH RESPECT TO THE OCTOBER THIRTEENTH ARTICLE, JOSEPH POINTED OUT THAT HIS PURPOSE WAS TO SHOW THAT LOUIS JOHNSON, THEN SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, WAS ATTEMPTING TO SOFT PEDAL THE THREAT OF RUSSIAN AGGRESSION DUE TO HIS PURSUING A POLICY OF AMERICAN DISARMAMENT AND LACK OF PLANNING FOR ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND HE FELT THE AMERICAN PUBLIC SHOULD. KNOW WHAT IT IS FACING WITHOUT ADEQUATE DEFENSE. CONCERNING THE SOURCES OF INFORMATION FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE TWO ARTICLES OF OCTOBER THIRTEEN AND DECEMBER THIRTY ONE, THE BROTHERS STATED THEY WOULD NOT REVEAL THEIR SOURCES BUT IN RESPONSE TO A SPECIFIC QUESTION AS TO WHETHER THEY HAD ACCESS TO CONFIDENTIAL GOVERNMENT PAPERS OR DOCUMENTS, THEY REPLIED MOST EMPHATICALLY THEY HAD NOT SEEN OR READ ANY CLASSIFIED GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS RELATING TO INSTANT OR ANY OTHER MATTER! AND FURTHER STATED THEY HAD ESTABLISHED

#### PAGE THREE

A POLICY OF STUDIOUSLY AVOIDING AND REFUSING TO OBTAIN OR EVEN LOOK AT SUCH CLASSIFIED MATTER EVEN IF THE OPPORTUNITY PRESENTED ITSELF. RESPONSE TO THE QUESTION AS TO WHETHER ANY OFFICIAL PERSONAGE HAD FURNISHED THEM ANY INFORMATION SPECIFICALLY RELATED TO THE TWO ARTICLES IN QUESTION, THEY DECLINED TO COMMENT IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER. THE BROTHERS SPOKE OF THE FACT THAT THE INVESTIGATION HAD BEEN A SOURCE OF HARASSMENT AND EMBARRASSMENT TO THEIR MANY FRIENDS AND CONTACTS TO SUCH EXTENT THEY REGRETTED WRITING THE ARTICLES BECAUSE OF THE WAVE OF QUOTE GUILT BY ASSOCIATION WHICH IS SO PREVALENT IN WASHINGTON UNQUOTE. JOSEPH ALSOP COMMENTED HE HAD RECENTLY PREPARED AN ARTICLE DISCUSSING THE NEVADA ATOMIC TESTS DURING THE CURRENT MONTH, WHICH ARTICLE WAS ENTIRELY SPECULATIVE. HE ADVISED AEC OF THE ARTICLE AND WAS TOLD ITS PUBLICATION WOULD BE A BREACH OF SECURITY AND ITS CONTENTS INCLUDED RESTRICTED INFORMATION. ALSOP INDICATED SUCH AN ATTITUDE IS FOOLISH SINCE ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON COULD HAVE DRAWN THE SAME CONCLUSIONS BUT STATED HE HAD DESTROYED THE ARTICLE RATHER THAN RISK ANOTHER SIMILAR INVESTIGATION WITH ITS ACCOMPANYING HARASSMENT AND EMBARRASSMENT. AT THE OUTSET OF THE INTERVIEW, THE BROTHERS. WHO HAD NO ATTORNEY PRESENT, WERE COLDLY CORDIAL BUT AS THE INTERVIEW PROGRESSED THEY WERE WILLING TO DISCUSS THE ARTICLES FREELY EXCEPT THEY WOULD NOT COMMENT AT ALL CONCERNING THEIR SOURCES, DESCRIBING SUCH DIS-CUSSION AS QUOTE ABSOLUTELY OUT OF THE QUESTION UNQUOTE. AT THE CON-CLUSION OF THE INTERVIEW, WHICH LASTED APPROXIMATELY FORTY MINUTES AND · 16.1 (31)

Who was he?

PAGE FOUR

WHICH WAS TERMINATED BY AGENTS, THE BROTHERS VOLUNTEERED THAT AT ANY TIME IN THE FUTURE THEY WOULD COOPERATE WITH THIS EUREAU IN ANY MATTER WHERE THEY COULD BE OF ASSISTANCE.

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Laurent L

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No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014

10:30AM FROM WASHINGTON FIELD 2/14/51 WASHINGTON DIRECTOR URGENT

STEWART ALSOP, JOSEPH ALSOP, UNKNOWN SUBJECT, ESPIONAGE - X. REBULET FEBRUARY TWELVE, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE. ALSO REFERENCE TELEPHONE CALL Mics Golding FEBRUARY THIRTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE, WFO TO BUREAU. WHEN CONTACTED-TELEPHONICALLY AT THREE THIRTY P.M. FEBRUARY THIRTEEN FOR PURPOSE OF ARRANGING AN INTERVIEW, STEWART ALSOP ADVISED HE WOULD NOT CONSENT TO INTERVIEW WITH BUREAU AGENTS UNLESS IN THE PRESENCE OF HIS LEGAL COUNSEL; ALSO RELATED HE COULD NOT DISCLOSE SOURCE OF ANY INFORMATION APPEARING IN ALSOP COLUMNS. NO FURTHER ACTION BEING TAKEN PENDING RECEIPT OF ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE BUREAU.

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WASHINGTON FROM WASHINGTON FIELD 2/14/51 4:15PM
DIRECTOR URGENT
STEWART ALSOP, JOSEPH ALSOF, UNKNOWN SUBJECT, ESPIONAGE DASH X. RE
BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL THIS DATE INSTRUCTING THIS OFFICE TO PROCEED
WITH INTERVIEW. ALSOP BROTHERS WILL BE INTERVIEWED AT TWO SEVEN
TWO NAUGHT DUNBARTON AVENUE, N. W., AT TEN THIRTY A. M. FEBRUARY FIFTEEN
INSTANT BY SPECIAL AGENTS C. E. GRAHAM AND W. H. MARR OF THIS OFFICE.
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FORM NO: 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON FIELD

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REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN		WFO FILE NO. 65-1	5722
WASHINGTON, D. C.	2/20/51	2/13-15, 19/51	REPORT MADE BY	
		2/13-15, 19/51	CARL E. GRAHAM	PJD
STEWART A JOSEPH AL	LSOP;		CHARACTER OF CASE	
UNKNOWN S	UBJECT		ESPIONAGE	- X
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Wh	en inter	viewed 2/15/51, s	TO THE TOTAL	12/

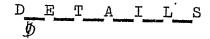
declined to furnish identity of source, or sources, of information which they used for news columns -"THE KREMLIN'S GROWING STOCKPILE", published 10/13/50 and "HOW RED A-BLAST WAS DETECTED", which appeared in newspapers 12/31/50. ALSOP brothers expressed that to mention sources would be "absolutely out of the question." JOSEPH ALSOP, who contributed the most to the interview, referred to articles on Kremlin's stockpile, and said that column prepared to show LOUIS JOHNSON - then Secretary of Defense - was attempting to soft pedal threat of Russian aggression, and ALSOP felt American public should know what it is facing without adequate defense. ALSOP further stated second article, dealing with detection of Russian A-Blast, was written primarily to refute Senator BREWSTER, who had made a "ridiculous" statement that Russia did not possess the A-Bomb. The ALSOP brothers stated they had not seen, or had access to, any confidential papers or documents in order to write news articles; however, they declined to comment as to whether they had been furnished the necessary data by any official personage.

730. FACIN 4-27-5 المنابز براكلات ال

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# AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

On February 15, 1951, STEWART and JOSEPH ALSOP were interviewed by Special Agent WILLIAM H. MARR and the writer at the ALSOPS' Office and residence of JOSEPH ALSOP - 2720 Dumbarton Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

At the outset of the interview, the ALSOP brothers were advised specifically that the purpose of the interview was in connection with an investigation being conducted at the direction of the Attorney General with a view of ascertaining the source, or sources, of information which had been contained in the two ALSOP columns. The columns were referred to as:

1) "THE KREMLIN'S GROWING STOCKPILE"

which appeared in "THE WASHINGTON POST", under date of October 13, 1950, and

2) "HOW RED A-BLAST WAS DETECTED"

which appeared in the same local newspaper under date of December 31, 1950.

The brothers expressed their knowledge of the existence of an investigation shortly after its inception, and further remarked they knew the investigation had been initiated at the specific request of "one man on a very high level", after the "man" had read the December 31st news article concerning detection of the atomic blast in Russia. The ALSOP brothers pointed out they felt the investigation had been brought about, not because of any possible violation of security, but because of personal animosity aimed against them. In this vein, JOSEPH ALSOP pointed out that the October 13th article concerning "THE KREMLIN'S GROWING STOCKPILE" contained information which, in substance, previously had appeared in numerous other publications and news articles, while, at the same time, those articles had not aroused any question that a breach of security had been involved.

Likewise, concerning the December 31st news article, the ALSOP brothers pointed out that similar information concerning detection of the Russian atomic blast previously had appeared in public print on numerous occasions. Specific articles, which had appeared in "LIFE" and "TIME" Magazines shortly after President TRUMAN had made public the announcement that Russia was known to have detonated an atomic explosion.

As a matter of fact, stated JOSEPH ALSOP, in the ALSOPS' own column over a year ago, they had set forth sub-column had elicited no official reaction to indicate there had been any breach of security on the part of the ALSOPS!

JOSEPH ALSOP again referred to the December 31st article on the detection of the Russian atomic blast, and stated that that article had not been up to his usual standards also in its entirety, it was a rehash of one of the prior 31st article, he had been motivated to rehash the information contained in the article after Senator BREWSTER had made the "ridiculous" statement that the Russians did not possess the atomic bomb. He continued that, so far as the methods of detection cited in the article were concerned, such information, or conclusions as those contained in the article, could have physics teacher. He went on to state that, well over a year ago, he had learned such information as to the detection of an Germany.

JOSEPH ALSOP went on to state that, concerning the October 13th article, his purpose in preparing this news publication was to show that LOUIS JOHNSON - then Secretary of Defense - had been pursuing a policy of attempting to soft pedal the threats of Russian aggression, and that JOHNSON had been pursuing a policy of American disarmament, and, at the same time, had not been planning for adequate protection of the American people. ALSOP stated that his feeling in the matter was that the American public should know what it is facing without adequate defense preparation.

Concerning the sources of information for the preparation of the two articles of October 13 and December 31, 1950, the ALSOP brothers stated they would not reveal their sources, and that any inquiry along those lines would be "absolutely out of the question."

In response to a specific question as to whether they had access to confidential government papers or documents, the brothers most emphatically stated they had not seen, or read, any classified government documents, papers or reports relating to instant, or any other, matter, and, in addition, JOSEPH and STEWART ALSOP went on to relate that, some two years or more previously, they had established a policy of studiously avoiding and refusing to obtain, or even look at, such classified matters even though the opportunity might present itself.

In response to a specific question as to whether any official personage had furnished them any information specifically related to the newspaper articles in question, both STEWART and JOSEPH ALSOP advised they could not comment on that question in any manner whatsoever.

The ALSOP brothers stated that the investigation concerning the source of material for their October and December newspaper articles in question had been a source of considerable embarrassment and harassment to their many friends and contacts to such an extent that they had sincerely regretted having written the articles because of the wave of "guilt by association which is so prevalent in Washington."

JOSEPH ALSOP then stated that he recently had prepared a newspaper article discussing the Nevada atomic bomb tests during the current month, and he stated the article was entirely speculative. He stated that, after its preparation, he had submitted the article to the Atomic Energy Commission for approval and publication, and he stated he was told that the publication of his article would be a breach of security as its contents included restricted information.

JOSEPH ALSOP stated he considered such an attitude on the part of government officials was a foolish attitude inasmuch as he felt any intelligent person could have drawn the same conclusions concerning the recent atomic bomb tests in Nevada. However, ALSOP stated he had destroyed the news article rather than risk another similar investigation, with its accompanying harassment and embarrassment.

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# - A\_D\_M\_I\_N\_I\_S\_T\_R\_A\_T\_I\_V\_E P\_A\_G\_E -

Instant interview with the ALSOP brothers was conducted after prior arrangements for same had been effected on February 14, 1951; a meeting scheduled for 10:30 AM, Thursday - February 15, 1951.

At the outset of the interview, following the introduction of the Agents, the ALSOP brothers, who were not accompanied by their Attorney, appeared to be coldly cordial.

After the brothers were specifically advised of the purpose of the interview, STEWART ALSOP made certain preliminary remarks. He asked when the investigation had been initiated, and who had requested the Attorney General to institute the investigation.

In response, the ALSOP brothers were advised that the investigation had been initiated as a result of the appearance of the December 31, 1950, article - "HOW RED A-BLAST WAS DETECTED", and that the interviewing Agents were not cognizant of any initiating authority, other than the express instructions of the Attorney General.

The interview with the ALSOP brothers lasted approximately forty minutes, and it was terminated by Bureau Agents.

At the conclusion of the interview, the ALSOP brothers volunteered that, at any time in the future they would be glad to cooperate with this Bureau in any matter where they could be of assistance.

It is noted instant report is being submitted in a "CLOSED" Status, and any additional investigation deemed necessary will be conducted  $\varepsilon t$  the specific direction of the Bureau.

REFERENCES: Bureau letter - 2/12/51

Bureau telephone call to WFO - 2/14/51, 11:35 AM

WFO Teletype to Bureau - 2/15/51

information sometime between the morning of February 6 and 5:00 p.m. on February 7, and that if we were still investigating the leak of the previous story that if we could ascertain with whom Alsop had talked that we might very well narrow down the leak. It is also understood that the Alsops are exceedingly cautious and are making the statement that they do not wish to print anything of a restrictive nature because first of all they do not want to ao anything to harm our security and secondly they do not want to harm their friends

disclosed.

acceded.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

TO

FROM

SUBJECT:

declined to

LBN:gl-mcq

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIF

# Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : A. H. Belmont

DATE: March 5, 1951

FROM:

C. E. Hennrich

SUBJECT:

STEWART ALSOP, et al ESPIONAGE - X A-1

Clegg\_ Glavin\_ Nichols

Rosen

Harbo

Tele. Roc

PURPOSE

To advise you that Supervisor E. S. Sanders has determined through officials of the National Security Council, that document MSC #68 mentioned by the Alsops in an article dated becember 22, 1950, cannot be declassified for purposes of prosecution.

BACKGROUND

You will recall that in a memorandum dated February 24, 1951, you were advised that inquiries were being made to determine whether or not National Security Council Directive #68 could be declassified in the event of prosecution of Stewart and Joseph Alsop for publication of classified information in their column "Matter of Fact," which appears in the Washington Post.

In this connection you will recall that on December 22, 1950, the Alsops published an article in which direct reference was made to NSC Directive #68 which is a classified document.

On February 27, 1951, Supervisor E. S. Sanders of the Liaison Section, contacted Mr. Pat Coyne of the National Security Council relative to the possible declassification of this document for purposes of prosecution and was advised that the information which appears in NSC Directive #68 was of such a nature that the document could not be declassified in the interest of national security.

ACTION

RECORDED - 134

MAR 10 19F

There is attached herewith a memorandum to Mr. Peyton Ford, Deputy Attorney General, advising him of the results of this inquiry, in order that the Department will be in possession of all information relative to the declassification of this document.

100-354477 Attachment WAA:eal ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 9.23.39 BY 288 Bridges
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Mr. Peyton Ford Deputy Attorney General

March 5. 1951 dectatsieted by

Director, FBI

STEWART ALSOP; JOSEPH ALSOP; UNKNOWN SUBJECT: ESPIONAGE - X

NSC MO Por 3,2, remano malado 427000 E026 Der St 10-18.91

100-35-4477-115 Reference is made to my memorandum of February 21, RECORDED. 131951, and to the report of Special Agent Carl E. Graham dated February 20, 1951, a copy of which was forwarded to you as an enclosure with my memorandum.

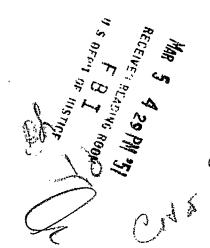
> You will recall that, in connection with the investigation relative to the publication of material by the Alsop brothers, reference was made to an article dated December 22, 1950, in which the Alsop brothers referred to National Security Council Directive Number 68 in their column "Matter of Fact" which appears in the Washington Post.

For your information inquiries have been made at the National Security Council to determine whether National Security Council Directive Number 68 could be declassified in the event of prosecutive action in this case, and this Bureau has been advised that due to the highly confidential nature of the document declassification would not be possible for purpose of prosecution.

The above is submitted for your information in connection with this investigation.

COMM . FBI MAR - 6 1951 MALED 18

:le-a Havin



No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Tolson Ladd Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: March 6, Mr. Glavin Peyton Ford JMM:CEN:vb Deputy Attorney General 146-7-5483 SUBJECT: STEWART ALSOP; JOSEPH ALSOP; UNKNOWN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - X Reference is made to your memorandum of February 21, 195 in the captioned matter wherein you transmitted the report of Special Agent Carl E. Graham, which report reflected the results of an int view had with the Alsop brothers. It is noted from Agent Graham's report that the Alsop brother's "emphatically" stated they had not seen or read any classified Government documents relating to the atomic bomb and asserted that their policy In this connection your attention is invited to my memorand to you dated January 3, 1951, wherein it was pointed out that the Alsop brothers in recent weeks have referred on more than one occasion in their columns to a top secret document of the National Secur Council commonly identified as NSC 68 and so identified by the report of Special Agent Graham dated January indicating that this same document of the National Secur Special Agent Graham dated January indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating that this same document of the National Security indicating the National Securit has been to avoid doing so even when the opportunity may have presented itself. At the same time the subjects refused to answer the question In this connection your attention is invited to my memorandum sion in their columns to a top secret document of the National Security Council commonly identified as NSC 68 and so identified by the Alsops. The report of Special Agent Graham dated January 13, 1951, previously furnished to the Department by you in this matter contains information indicating that this same document, NSC 68, was in the opinion of several people interviewed, a possible source for the information used in the MAR-10 1951 Accordingly, you are requested to reinterview the Alsop brothers specifically regarding their indicated access to NSC 68. Should the subjects reiterate their position that their policy is never to see or read classified Government documents, they should be asked to explain just how they acquired knowledge that a document known as NSC 68 even existed and secondly, the manner in which they obtained information regarding its contents to the extent that they could comment on this secret document in their newspaper column RECORDED 97

It is requested that the reinherview of the Alsop brothers be conducted as soon as possible inasmuch as the President, as you have previously been made aware, is personally interested in the results of this investigation. DECLASSIMED BY TOOR REW WALL

SAC, Washington Field Office

March 12, 1951

Director, FBI

PERSONAL ATTENTION

STEWART ALSOP: JOSEPH ALSOP: UNKNOWN SUBJECT

ESPIONAGE - X 1003354 F

Attached herewith for your information is a copy of a letter from Peyton Ford, Deputy Attorney General, to the Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, dated March 6, 1951, in which the Department sets forth specific information which it desires in connection with the investigation of the Alsop brothers.

You are instructed to conduct this interview in accordance with the Department's request and to advise the Bureau of the results at the earliest possible date. This interview should be handled \$\Bar{\Bar{B}}\$ by either the Special Agent in Charge or the Assistant Special Agent in Charge and a well qualified agent who is thoroughly familiar with the previous in- on vestigation conducted in this case.

The Alsops should be advised that they are being recontacted at the specific instructions ofca Peyton Ford, Deputy Attorney General.

This matter should be handled immediately.



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at the Habienel Security Council was confined to Addired Sours and for Lay and that such knowledge related to the proparation of the automorant by the President on the subject of the Russian atomic explosion in September of 1949.

Records of the National Security Council reflected that the recorenda from Admiral Hillenbooktor, forcer Director of the CIA, reporting comples of air masses, were received on September 9 and 10, 1949. These recorends were delivered to the President on the pare tate by Admiral Secura. It was further recalled that the memorande did not so into detail regarding the method of detection of the Seviet A-Minst to the extent that the Alcops did in their column.

Admiral Somer recalled that a report was given to the Propident about the new time which, he believed, contained information along the lines quoted in the Alsopal column. This report was delivered to the Propident by Conoral Schlatter, who has been previously intervioued in connection with this twestigation.

the possession of your office.

Council Directive to. 62, which is mentioned above, the National Security Council Directive to. 62, which is mentioned above, the National Security Council Directive to. 63 has a fairly wide distribution within the Executive Branch of the Government and it was further pointed out that National Security Council Directive to. 68 was also ment to the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Emergy. In connection with the declarationation of this document for purposes of prosecution, a representative of the National Security Council Edvised the Eurest on Herch 5, 1951, that, in the Interest of national country, this document could not be declaration for purposes of prosecution in this case. The Department has been advised of this information, relative to declaration of National Security Council Directive to. 68.

In addition to the inquiry conducted by the huran of the Mational Security Council, Senator Brion Holehon was interviewed, relative to possible nouvee of information available to the Alsopa through the Joint Congressional Consittee on Monte Engre.

Constor McLebon determined through Mr. William Horden, Executive Director of the Joint Congressional Atomic Emergy Sterf, that information of the type published by the Aleops was evallable in namerous documents in possession of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Emergy and that the basic document for most of the naterial would be the semi-annual report to the Joint Committee by the Atomic Emergy Commission.

At the same time, Mr. Borden pointed out that the material published by the Alsops, relative to the detection by the Russian A-blast, could have come from outside sources, and noted that he had learned in considerable detail of procedures taken in connection with the detection of an A-blast prior to his connection with the Joint Congressional Committee Staff.

It was further determined that Mr. Harold Bergman and Mr. William Borden were the only two staff members connected with the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy who would be authorized to talk with the Alsop brothers and that neither Borden por Bergman had talked with them.

The above is for the completion of your files.

With reference to the information set forth in your letter of March 8, 1951, relative to the declassification of the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee's summary report dated July 24, 1950, and to the identity of certain documents referred to, but not specifically identified by Colonel Sidney 5. Rubenstein, you are requested to incorporate all pertinent information relative to the identity and declassification of the documents in question in your report which will be submitted in connection with the re-interview of the Alsops. The Bureau desires that this procedure be followed in order that all pertinent information may be furnished to the Department in report form.

SAS, Mashington Field

Merch 15, 1961

Director, FDI

STEVARY ALSOP: JOSEP PALSOP: UNKNOWN SUBJECT HEPIORAGE - X NEO No. 65-5722 4. 1-1

Rourlet Herch 8, 1951, and Burden Latter of Herch 12/2951, relative to the above-paytioned subject.

The following information, which has been received at the Bureau in connection with this investigation, is being furnished to your office, in order that filed of your office WIII reflect all information developed in connection with this matter.

In domention with the original request for investigation into the source or course of information evaluate to the Alsop brothers, the Department adviced the Eurem by Letter of January 3, 1951, that information had come to the attention of the Department, indicating that the Alsope had previously referred to Mational Security Council Directive No. 65, which was described as a "top secret document of the Sational Department Council." The publication of this information by the Alsope was in addition to that which appeared in their column "Matter of Fact." published in the Washington Post on October 13, 1950, and December 31, 1950. Specific reference to Mational Security Council Directive No. 65, which has previously come to your attention during the course of this investigation, was made by the Alsope In an article which appeared in the column "Matter of Fact" on December 29, 1950, under the caption "The Tira Is Now."

Officials of the National Scourity Council, including Mr. Japes S. Lay. Jr. Mr. Patrick Coyne and Admiral Sourie, were interviewed by a Bureau representative on Japuary 11, 1951, and the following information was furnished:

An exemination of the extinier of the Ainon brothers, relative to the detection of the Extinier 1-Block which was published by the Alsons on Eccember 31, 1950, was made by Advired Source and Fr. Lay. It was emplayed that investigate of this type of information

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upon receipt of information from Colonel Rubenstein.

SAC, Washington Field Office

March 16, 1951

Director, FBI

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

STEWART ALSOP JOSE?HALSOP UNKNOWN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - X

Reurlet March 8, 1951, and Bulet March 15, 1951, relative to inquiries concerning declassification of the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee Report and the identity of reports previously mentioned by Colonel Sidney S. Rubenstein in this case. Submit all details concerning declassification of material in report form immediately

100-354477 HM: AAW

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

MAR: 19 1951

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Tolson Ladd Clegg Glavin Nichols Rosen Tracy Harbo Belmont Mohr

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 This case originated at WASE	IINGTON		FILE NO.	65-5722
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	
WASHINGTON, D. C.	3/15/51	3/15/51	HOWARD B. FLETCHE	R, ASAC HBF:VIM
STEWART ALSON JOSEPH ALSON UNKNOWN SUBJ	;		CHARACTER OF CASE  · ESPIONAGE	R
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On March 15, 1951, STER CARL E. GRAHAM at the D. C. At the outset of being conducted at the General, for the purpos cerning National Securit referred to in their combearing the title, "The Mr. STEWART ALSOP state ALSOP, who is not availabeing expected in less	ALSOPS' off the inter express di se of ascer ty Council olumns, par e Time is N ed this art table, he b than three	tice, 2720 Dumbart view, he was advirection of Mr. PE taining specifical document identifical ticularly the column.  icle had been wrieing out of the Un months. He state	on Avenue, N. W., We sed that the intermal of the sed that the intermal of the sed that the intermal of the sed that the s	Vashington, View was Attorney The sources conning the sources conn
5) Bureau (100-354477)  2 Washington Field	RT	MAR 22 1957	CF DEL	CA-22

source but he could state positively that no copy of NSC 68 was in their possession; further, he could state positively that neither one of them had read it, that they have a definite policy not to read any official documents. He stated neither he nor his brother would be in a position to furnish the identity of their sources. With a copy of the article, "The Time is Now", in his hand, he stated probably as many as 15 different sources had given them the information contained therein, that what they were trying to do was to advise the public of the policies of the Government and the reasons why these policies were being followed. He stated he was confident that NSC 68 had been referred to in one or more other columns written by them, that he, like his brother JOSEPH, heard of references to NSC 68 but he could not recall the actual columns in which the reference appeared, nor could he recall his source as to the reference to NSC 68.

PENDING

WFO 65-5722

#### ADMINISTRATIVE

STEWART ALSOP was cordial. Though he made no direct query, it was obvious he was interested in the source of the complaint with reference to this matter. He was advised merely that the investigation was instituted at the direction of the Attorney General.

REFERENCE:

Bureau letters 3/12/51 and 2/27/51 WFO letter to Bureau, 3/8/51

WFO 65-5722

#### LEAD

#### WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

Will maintain contact with Colonel SIDNEY S. RUBENSTEIN and obtain from him the identity of certain documents which were referred to but not specified in his original memo to the Bureau on November 7, 1950. In addition, it is also anticipated Colonel RUBENSTEIN will furnish an opinion relative to possible declassification of those documents.

Nr. Peyton Ford Deputy Attorney General Director: FBI March 16, 1951

RA

Tolson\_ Ladd\_ Clegg\_ Clavin\_ Nichols STEWART ALSOP JOSEPH ALSOP UNKNOWN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - X

RECORDED - 63

100-354477-121

Reference is made to your letter of March 6, 1951, relative to the above-captioned individuals, in which you requested that the Alsops be reinterviewed for specific information concerning National Security Council Directive No. 68.

There is attached herewith a copy of the report of Assistant Special Agent in Charge Howard B. Flatcher dated Narch 15, 1951, at Washington, D. C., reflecting the results of the reinterview of Stewart Alsop. You will note that Stewart Alsop advised that his brother, Joseph Alsop, is out of the United States at the present time and his return is not expected for approximately three months.

You will recall that this Bureau advised you by letter dated March 5, 1951, that National Security Council Directive No. 68 could not be declassified for purposes of prosecution due to the highly confidential nature of the information contained in that directive.

Additional inquiries are being conducted by this Bureau relative to the declassification of the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee Report, and the results of this inquiry will be furnished to you immediately upon its receipt at the Bureau.

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on per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 WASHINGTON FROM WASHINGTON FIELD 3/22/51 DIRECTOR URGENT STEWART ALSOP; JOSEPH ALSOP; UNSUB; ESPIONAGE X. REBULETS FEBRUARY TWENTY SEVEN AND MARCH SIXTEEN LAST. COL. SIDNEY S. RUBENSTEIN, CONTACTED TODAY, ADVISED HE HAS NOT YET OBTAINED NECESSARY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO IDENTITY OF REPORTS OR DOCUMENTS OR DECLASSIFICATION OF SUCH MATERIAL. HE FURTHER STATED UPON RECEIPT OF NECESSARY INFORMATION BY HIM SAME WILL BE FURNISHED THIS OFFICE IMMEDIATELY. BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED AND INFORMATION SUBMITTED IN REPORT FORM UPON RECEIPT. STEIN ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED DATES-SOSSIBY SOSSISSIONS
RECORDED - 140 | 100 - 25 AATT MAR-28:155 EX. CEG:BR 66 AFR 2 6 1951 CC mil

r. Tyton ford Denity Attorney tenored . Pircotor, FAI

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S. S. F. M. C. W. M. R.

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#### EX - 79 RECORDED - 18

heterones to nade to m letter of med 10, 1007, relative to de d'ave-conficere, incivitada la vida ou were contact the tries were his controles he this term as relacive to the declination for but of the Joint Stail "narga Intelligence Committee Severt.

there is attacked torustry a come of the report Cashindon, Co., reflecting the results of the investiaction constituted by this sureen relative to the declarit teation of the Joint Stanie nergy Intelligence Committee unvery Emorto, thich have been tong tied by the let which of no ense as the coorsens comprostant by the million ton of criticles or wered by the Alsop brothers.

You will recall that by letter dated Tarce 5, 1321, you were edvised that incuiries of he a ional Security corneil to developed injorne ion to the en ect first declared tervion o Tational Technique Carnell Fire ive condenses of coted for purposes o prosecution fue to the highly can idential neture of he information contained

In correction with cour letter dated and 3, 181, recuesting the reinstructure of the algone recall in the morree of their information of the algone recall in the morree risective in their confidence in the country we will reall that the recalling of an information of the result of the res of the resort of descript the large were The resort of the control of the con

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In the absence of a specific request from you, a reinterstes with Jorenh Alson is not contamilated by this fureau.

To is noted, however, but the reart of insistant special brent in theree thereof 4. Hetcher deted face 15, 1951, et has income, D. C., reflects that there is Alsop fenied he had access to a copy of fational Security Council Directive Tumber 68 but did advise that the Alsop brothers had probably as many as ifteen different sources from which they had obtained information, and that neither he nor his brother would be in a position to furnish the identities of their sources.

It is suggested that you may desire to further question certain individuals, connected with this was before a wrand Jury.

No further investigation is contemplated by this nuredu in connection with this natter in the absence of a specific request from you.

molospe

GOVERNMENT

Glavir Nichola

Balmont

DATE: July 5, 1951

To recommend that this case be closed.

#### Background

You will recall that an investigation was undertaken in this case on January 5, 1951, upon specific instructions from Deputy Attorney Peyton Ford for the purpose of determining the source or sources of the information of a classified nature, which was published in the column written by the Alsop brothers entitled "Matter of Fact" on October 13, 1950, December 22, 1950, and December 31, 1950.

As you know, these articles dealt with classified information relative to the detection of the Soviet A-blast, a product ... of Soviet Atomic bombs, and in the case of the article of December 22, 1950, the Alsops made specific reference to National Security Directive No. 68, the mere existence of which is classified.

Extensive investigation was conducted during the months of January, February, and March, 1951 in an effort to determine the source from which the Alsops obtained their information. Following this investigation the Alsops were interviewed by Bureau agents on February 15, 1951, at which time they specifically denied having access to classified documents and declined to discuss the identity of the source or sources of information which they published in their column, "Matter of Fact."

At the request of the Department, additional investigation was conducted and Stewart Alsop was reinterviewed on March 15, 1951, specifically with respect to NSC Directive No. 68. Steward Alsop declined to furnish the identity of the source or sources of information and commented that he had as many as fifteen different sources from which information had been obtained in connection with the preparation of the article dealing with MSC Directive No. 68. specifically denied having access to the document, as such,

RECORDED - 40

WAA:brg

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All pertinent information in this investigation has been furnished to the Department and in a letter to the Department dated April 9, 1951, the Bureau advised that no further investigation was contemplated in the absence of a specific request from the Department.

All pertinent information concerning the Alsop brothers has been incorporated in the main case file.

#### Recommendation

Inasmuch as no request has been received for further investigation from the Department, and since all pertinent investigation in this case has been conducted, it is recommended that this case be closed. In this connection it should be noted that the investigation conducted in this case was limited to individuals who were known to have had access to certain information which was similar to that published by the Alsop brothers. All persons who possibly had access to this information were not interviewed inasmuch as the investigation indicated that the information published by the Alsop brothers could not be attributed to any one single document.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

## Office Memor with

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**VERNMENT** 

DATE: October 24. 1951

T

Mr. Tolson

FROM: L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Joseph Alsop sent Senator Smith lambasting the McCarran Committee and its Counsel, Bob Morris.

Bob Morris tells me that the bulk of the material in Alsop's letter came from I. F. Stone's column in the October 10 issue of the Compass and sent a copy of this to the New York Herald Tribune. I understand they are checking on this at the New York Herald Tribune.

cc: Mr. Ladd

Mr. Laughlin

LBN : CMC

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### United States Senate

### **MEMORANDUM**

Mr. Nichols:

See October 10 COMPASS.

≯ Bob Morris

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HEREIC TO UNCLASSIFIED
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FNCLOSURE

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October 19, 1951

Dear Senator Smith:

After careful reflection, I feel that my answers to your questions at the close of the hearing yesterday may have left a misleading impression. I was reluctant to indulge in personalities: I was deeply grateful for your fair conduct of the hearing; and I perhaps failed to say something I ought to have said for the record. Therefore, in order to avoid future misunderstandings. I say it now; and this letter may be appended to the record of yesterday's hearings, if you so desire.

You asked me, if you recall, to comment on the Subcommittee on Internal Security, and I stated that I did not wish to impugn in any way the motives of the senators on the committee, but regarded the procedure of committee investigetion as ill adapted to explore such a complex and delicate field of facts as the committee is now exploring. I stated further that I thought expert persons were required to direct inquiries of this character. When I said this, I had in mind the following facts:

- According to my information, the committee counsel. Mr. Robert K. Morris, has been shown by public testimony to have participated with Senator McCarthy and others in the pre-planning of the disgusting smear campaign against Senator Tydings in 1950. I am not clear whether Mr. Morris carried on from there, working with John K. Jonkel, who has now gone to jail for his activities in this campaign; but the more fact that Mr. Morris was apparently acting as a member of Senator McCarthy's staff at the moment when Senator McCarthy met with Senator Butler and his campaign treasurer to sketch out the smear campaign against Senator Tydings, would seem to me to rule out Mr. Morris as an impartial investigator.
- Mr. Morris was also counsel of the Republican faction of the Tydings investigation committee, prior to the Maryland campaign. While the Tydings hearings were in progress. I wrote Senator Tydings a letter attesting the loyalty of the unfortunate officials involved in China policy who are now under such venomous and ignorant attack. Among other things, I included in this letter that Mr. XVincent participated in Vice President Wallace's report from Kunming to President Roosevelt.

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and revealed the nature of this report. Mr. Morris evidently knew of this letter of mine to Senator Tydings, which was widely published at the time, since he questioned me about it at the executive hearing over which you presided. If he was indeed aware of the result of Mr. Wallace's mission, and of Mr. Vincent's participation therein; and he nonetheless received and even encouraged Mr. Budens's testimony; I think he stands indicted of having taken evidence which was demonstrably false. This is all the more shocking, since Mr. Morris's evident intention was to leave Mr. Budenz's original testimony on the record, without elaboration or amplification, until I forced his hand by fublishing the real facts about the Wallace mission.

vened in the examination of Mr. Wallace and myself, Mr. Morris's whole aim appeared to me to be to protect his professional informer, Mr. Budenz, rather than to find out the simple truth. I repeat, I make no charge against any member of the committee. Senators have all the business of legislation weighing on them, and they cannot do the work of investigators. But a procedure which results in henchmen of Senator McCarthy's conducting an inquiry into the loyalty of American citizens, and doing this on the system of omitting from the record, and even actively seeking to exclude from the record, all the most pertinent facts, seems to me an inherently improper procedure. Senators are the unwitting victims of this procedure, just as the men falsely accused are its defenseless victime.

I am sending copies of this letter to Senator Lehman, since his name entered into our colloquy, and to Mr. Morris Himself, since I do not wish to make any comment on his activities except directly to him. Thank you again for your fairness in conducting my hearing yesterday.

Sincerely,

JOSEPH ALSOP

JA:cc Senator Willis Smith Subcommittee on Internal Security Senate Judiciary Committee Senate Office Building Washington, D. C.

No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 SECURITY INFORMATION See Reverie FIET  $SID_{\overline{\mathcal{S}},\overline{\mathcal{P}}_{i},\overline{\mathcal{R}}}$ Assistant Attorney General III HEOTHER OF CONTINUE James M. McInerney MINICIAN IN ANCHASCIVIED  $extit{Director}_{oldsymbol{s}}$   $extit{FRI}$ RECEIPT DIAGRE SELLET OTHERNALD STEEARTOALSOP3: JOSEPH LSOP; UNKNOWN STRJECT ESPIONAGE - X Reference is made to my letter dated April 9, 1951, to Ur. Peyton Ford, former Deputy Attorney General, in connection with the investigation relative to the chovecaptioned individuals, and to previous reports in connection with this investigation which were furnished to the Department. ' As you know, the investigation involving the Alson brothers was based in part on an article published by the 'Isops on December 31, 1950, in which it was alleged that certain information relative to the long range detection program of the Air Forces was compromised. In connection with this matter this Bureau has been recently advised by another government agency that an informant, considered by that agency to be reliable, has stated that Se 1 (8) (U) b7D DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF COMM - FBI DEC 1 0 1951 13 VALCORDED - 121 DEC: 11 1195 MAILED 24 The about the being fur moshed for 20 and no further action is contemplated by connection with this master in the absence request from you. The agency which furnish to the Bureau has classified the shiftmat as "Secret." Belmont 100-354477 cc - 117-614 WAA: eme: dmd Workst Extensive investigation was conducted by the an effort to determine the source through (NOTE - CONTINUED PAGE 2)

NOTE: Car Star

Alsop brothers obtained information concerning the long range detection program of the Air Force, as well as information relative to atomic bomb stockpiles. By letter dated April 9, 1951, to Reyton Ford, the Bureau advised that no further investigation was contemplated in this matter in the absence of a request from the Department and its was suggested that the Department might desire to question certain individuals in the Department might assort case before a Grand Jury 

-- which the

DATE 03-24-2014 BY ADG/C98W57B22

No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014

STEWART ALSOP JOSEPH ALSOP	٠ (	
An informant, considered to be reliable, whose identity is reflected in reported that he had had		
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Informant stated,	ĕ	

No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 tice Mem UNITED , (E 3) GOVERNMENT TO Mr. A. H. Belmont DATE:December 7, 1951 FROM V. P. Keay SUBJECT: STEWART J. O. ALSOP Name Check - Secret Service ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED PURPOSE DATE9/29/39BY To advise that a name check has been received concerning Stewart J. O. Alsop, a newspaperman, who in conjunction with his brother, Joseph Alsop, writes the syndicated column, "Matter of Fact." This request was received from the U. S. Secret Service in connection with a check of the White House news correspondents. DETAILS The files of the Bureau reveal that from January to July, 1951, upon the request of Deputy Attorney General Peyton Ford, inquiries were made to determine the source or Peyton Ford, inquiries were made to determine the source or sources of information of a classified nature appearing in newspaper articles written by Joseph and Stewart Alsop on October 13, 1950, December 22, 1950 and December 31, 1950. Joseph and Stewart Alsop were interviewed by Bureau agents in February, 1951, at which time they denied having access to classified documents and declined to discuss the identity of classified documents and declined to discuss the identity of the source or sources of their information. was reinterviewed on March 15, 1951. He stated that he had as many as fifteen (15) different sources from which information had been obtained and he specifically denied having access to any original documents. As no further inquiry was requested by the Department, the matter was closed. (100-354477) No additional derogatory information was revealed in the files concerning Stewart J. O. Alsop. 偿 <u>ACTION</u> CERT FREE If you approve, it is recommended that no information be transmitted to the U.S. Secret Service and that the notation "No pertinent disloyal data in FBI files" be placed on the name ADS:nec DECL2811951 RECORDED - 70 -INDEXED - 70

ADDENDUM: (December 11, 1951, Jana)

It is suggested that instead of the notation, "No pertinent disloyal data in FBI files," which is recommended in the action on the previous page as the reply to be given the Secret Service, that we advise Secret Service that with regard to their name check on Stewart J. O. Alsop, no character or applicant type investigation has been made by the FBI.

Done from

of pl

Mr. A. H. Belmont

December 7, 1951

V. P. Keay

STEWART J. O.

Name Check - Secret Service ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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#### **PUR POSE**

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No additional derogatory information was revealed in the files concerning Stewart J. O. Alsop.

#### ACTION

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If you approve, it is recommended that no information be transmitted to the U.S. Secret Service and that the notation "No pertinent disloyal data in FBI files" be placed on the name check request.

ADS:nec

(See next page)

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(The above is an addendum to the memo from Mr. Keay to Mr. Belmont, dated December 7, 1951, and captioned "Stewart J. O. Alsop, Name Check - Secret Service.)

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February 1, 1952

CARI

Mr. Tolson

L. B. Nichols

LAWRENCE R. HAFSTAD ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

The above-mentioned individual is Director of Reactor Development for the Atomic Energy Commission.

who formerly was on the staff of the Joint Committee of Atomic Energy, advised me that Hafstad's closest friends were Joe and Stewart Alsop.

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cc - Mr. Ladd

LBN:MP

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501.42, 2014 No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 مرجمته محمد محمد محمد المحمد ال Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT D. M. Ladd DATE: February 4, 1952 FROM A. H. Belmont SUBJECT: COVERAGE OF WALTER WINCHELL BROADCAST Clegg Qlavin FEBRUARY 3, 1952 Belmont As you know, in his broadcast of Sunday, January 27, 1952, Mr. Winchell announced that due to illness he was taking a leave of absence from all professional activities for at least a month. Gandy reference was made to any substitute. However, it was announced during the past week that Stewart Alsop Washington news analyst, would take Mr. Winchell's place on Sunday, February 3, 1952. As of possible interest you are advised that at the outset of the broadcast of February 3, 1952, reference was made to Mr. Winchell's illness and it was described as a virulent virus infection rather than a heart condition as was initially suspected. According to the announcer, Mr. Winchell's condition is improving daily. It was pointed out that this is the first broad-. cast Mr. Winchell has missed in twenty years. Mr. Alsop was introduced as the coauthor of the widely syndicated Washington column, Matter of Fact." He began his talk by stating that "the big behind-the-headline story in Washington is this .... President Truman has made up his mind not to run again... and unless he changes his mind, which is always possible, Truman will throw his whole weight behind the nomination of Governor Adlai Stevenson, of Illinois." Alsop, following the above statement, discussed several reasons why Mr. Truman did not want to run again. He stated that Mrs. Truman had no desire to spend another four years in the White House; that Truman has been trying hard for about a year to persuade his old friend Fred Vinson to run in his stead, but that Vinson has told Mr. Truman that he does not want to run; President Truman has eliminated from consideration as candidates in his place Senators Estes Kefauver and Paul Douglas, both of whom Truman intensely dislikes. Truman certainly considered backing Senator Robert DFXC: dmd: vjm RECORDED - 60

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Kerr of Oklahoma whom he likes. Alsop followed with several observations on the Presidential political picture.

In a further discussion of national politics Mr. Alsop recalled a headline of last week when Mr. Truman called Senator Joseph McCarthy a liar. In recounting the background of the story Mr. Alsop stated David Lloyd, was a dangerous subversive, and that actually great aunt of Lloyd's announced about 20 years ago, when Party. Alsop cited the above incident as an example of the of politics today and then continued his discussion President and McCarthy argued last week about Philleo Nash, also a White House employee. Both Lloyd and Nash are aware of both cases.

No announcement was made as to Mr. Winchell's replacement for next week or for the future.

### ACTION:

The above is for your information. We intend to follow the program to determine the replacements for Mr. Winchell as well as to ascertain when Mr. Winchell will return to the air.

itter of Fact

# ke Can Get Jump on McCarthy

By Stewart Alsop

PRESIDENT-ELECT Eisenhower is being ced, by Sen. Henry Cabot Lodge and other e advisers, to seize the initiative on the Comnist issue at the very outset of his Administion. He is being advised to appoint, as soon possible, a nonpartisan commission modeled the Canadian Royal Commission which oke the Canadian spy ring. This commission uld have full access to the facts, would study see facts in secret and in detail, and would missue a sober, nonpolitical report on innal subversion to the President and the untry.

untry.
One reason Eisenhower is being urged to see this course is that otherwise Sen. Joseph McCarthy and his imitators will seize the itiative. McCarthy's next step is rather obous. For a couple of years, McCarthy has en loudly demanding the security files on overnment employes. He will now almost evitably take the line that Eisenhower, as a cold Republican, should accede to this demand hich was refused by President Truman. Eisenhower's choice, as between the proposed nonpartisan commission and a McCarthy celd day with the files, is a matter of the utoost importance to the future of the Eisenhower Administration. To understand why, it necessary to understand what these famous les really are.

les really are.

ANY INDIVIDUAL who has taken a Government job, particularly in a sensitive agency, security checked in great detail by the FBI and also in most cases by the security branch this own agency. Security agents interview arge numbers of people who have known him, it known something about him, in the past. These people are assured that their identities will be kept secret from the individual under avestigation. What they say is included vertatim in the "raw files," which are what Mearthy wants to get his hands on.

Often the security agents collect some information which is based on personal enmity, or sheer malice, or simple stupidity. In the aw files of one able Government employe, for xample, a source is quoted as describing him is a dangerous radical. Subsequent investigation revealed that this charge was based on he fact that the employe, a Vermonter, had actively supported Vermont's liberal Republican Senator, George Aiken.

A monan employe was recently asked to inswer a similar charge of radicalism. It

turned out that a former pupil had testified that she was "immature" in her 20s and "too sympathetic to new ideas." It is no fault of the sympathetic to new ideas." It is no fault of the security agents that many reports of radicalism or subversion turn out to be utterly false. It is their job simply to report what they are told; as FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover has often said, it is no business of the FBI to interpret or assess the information it collects.

YET IT IS EASY to see what use McCarthy and his imitators could make of material from the raw files. One can almost hear McCarthy—"I have in my hand an official report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation," and so on. He would use the raw files to "prove" what he has conspicuously failed to prove heretofore—that the American Government is crawling with spies.

he has conspicuously failed to prove heretofore—that the American Government is crawling with spies.

If McCarthy is given a free hand with the
files, he will certainly have a stick with which
to beat the dead horse of the Truman Administration, but he will also undermine the Fisenhower Administration in the process. He can do
this in three ways.

First, as Eisenhower has said, he wants and
needs really able public servants in all echelons
of the Government. But, despite McCarthy's
kind words about John Foster Dulles, good men
are going to hesitate to serve in the State Department, for example, which is McCarthy's
favorite target when any personal enemy or
malicious tale-bearer can blacken their names
in perfect safety via McCarthy.

Second, political use of the raw files will
undermine internal security procedures. That
is why J. Edgar Hoover has consistently opposed opening the files. Finally, the surrender
to McCarthy of a vital executive prerogative in
the matter of the files of the executive branch
would be taken as a green light for McCarthy
and all his imitators. The confidence of the
country in the integrity and loyalty of Government servants, already badly shaken, would
then soon be destroyed in the McCarthy circus
which would ensue.

The nonpartisan commission proposed by
Lodge and others would be designed to restore

which would ensue.

The nonpartisan commission proposed by Lodge and others would be designed to restore confidence in the Government. It is not, of course, a new idea. The same thing was proposed to Truman, and Truman's rejection of the idea was a tremendous bonanza for McCarthy. Eisenhower is certainly well aware that McCarthy is no more his friend than he was Truman's friend, and being the kind of man he is, Eisenhower is not likely to repeat Truman's mistake. Truman's mistake.

Tolson Ladd\_ Nichol Belmons Clegg. Glavin\_ Harbo \_\ Rosen\_ Tracy\_ Layghlin Tele. Rn Hollomar Gandy\_\_\_

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Wash. News

Wash. Star

N.Y. Herald Tribut

N.Y. Mirror

N.Y. Compass

Date: Nov. 23

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#### TANDARD FORM NO. 64

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

то : D. M. LADIO

FROM : A. H. BELMOVA

SUBJECT:

JOHN DE KOVEN ALSOP

Joseph. HAS/

DATE: March 30, 1953

a.l. R. S.

In the column Matter of Fact, "by Joseph and Stewart telepont Alsop, which appeared in the "Washington Post" on March 27, 1953, the Alsops discussed, among other things, an investing gation which had been conducted concerning their brother, John de Koven Alsop. This investigation had been conducted several years ago and because of reports submitted by "two Government security agents" John Alsop, "on security grounds," had been refused a "temporary reserve civilian status in intelligence." The Director noted: "Did we have anything to do with the John de Koven Alsop case? H."

The answer to the Director's inquiry is no. Bureau files reflect that John Alsop has never been investigated by this Bureau and no information is contained therein concerning the investigation mentioned in the Alsops' column. The only identifiable references to John de Koven Alsop are made to him as a brother of Joseph Wright Alsop, Jr. He was interviewed in August, 1942, when the Bureau was conducting inquiries concerning Joseph Wright Alsop, Jr., a returning passenger aboard the S. S. Gripsholm.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

ENCL

DJS:lae

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(One locate, 26-148418-18, was outstanding as of the time of dictation.)

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# Matter Of Fac . . . . By Joseph and Sten Alsop

Those Security Files\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

THE STRANGE case of Charles E. Bohlen has high-lighted several ugly things about the American Government. One of these is the kind of stuff that gets into Government. of stuff that gets into Government security files.

Senator Joseph R. McCarthy (R-Wis.) hastily lied his way out of this side of his case at the last moment, declaring that he had never opposed Bohlen's confirmation as Ambassador to Moscow on security grounds. Only a few days earlier, when asked if he regarded Bohlen as a security risk, McCarthy char-acteristically declared "That's putting it too weak."

McCarthy further hinted that he had heard all about the Bohlen security file from his friend; the new State Department security officer, R. W. Scott McLeod. What the Senator says must always be doubted. Yet it seems to be established that 'McLeod' was genuinely guilty, in this instance, of leaking some sort of poisonous story to McCarthy.

Senator Taft (R-Ohio) has now supplied the appropriate commentary on the Bohlen se-curity file. One of the very few items unfavorable to Bohlen was a letter from a State Department stenographer who claimed that she had felt her "sixth sense" sending out alarm signals on the one brief occasion when she had taken dictation from Relations tation from Bohlen:

high officer's security file, this sort of sick-minded poison pen letter ought to have caused a security investigation of the writer. But as these reporters happen to be able to testify, the method of compiling security files can be a bit odd, at times.

emies.

In peacetime he is a Connecticut Republican-he served: as vice chairman of the Con-necticut Eisenhower movement mitted to set foot on his native before the last Republican Con, shores, by the intervention of vention. He was already a a highly placed friend. Ap-Republican member of the Con-parently a special Government أخ الكافية أسأسا أناسيسانان

The application was refused, in the extremely small town of on security grounds. With Avon, Conn.

Two such incidents in a were ascertained. They consisted of reports by two Govern-ment security agents. The first agent had not got the name quite right. He had first inwith the "sixth sense" further suggests that in some respects the system is plain foolish. The then included, under "derogatory information," the claiming that his nonexistent citizen was "probably the brother or close relative" of another De Koven who had, it seems, been a member of Henry A. Wallace's Progressive Party

derogatory information he noted accurately that John de noted accurately that John de Koven Alsop was "probably leak to him either. the brother or close relative" copyrisht. 1953, N. Y. Herald Tribune, Inc. of Joseph and Stewart Alsop. He added darkly that Joseph and Stewart Alsop were listed in the files of the House un-American Activities Committee, as the authors of a Saturday Evening Bost orticle. day Evening Post article, "Will the CIO Kick the Commies Out?" All the second agent omitted was the not altogether meaningless fact that this was a profoundly anti-Communist article. The House Committee was using it as helpful source tion from Bohlen: material on the Communist Far from being inserted in a danger in the labor movement.

BY SHAMELESS influence, brother John was cleared. By the same method, one of these reporters harrowly escaped detention on the Gripsholm, when checked for security on times.

THESE reporters have a Bit odd, his return from a Japanese prison camp. He was sternly accused of having joined the British army. Sharp suspicions brother, John de Koven Alsop by name, who seems to them as good a security risk as you could wish. In wastime he was an OSS parachutist, jumping behind the enemy lines in both France and China. In China, he led an anti-Communist, anti-Japanese guerilla group and had a price put on the head of "the huge American with the mustache" by both sets of enemies.

British army. Sharp suspicions were aroused by his bewildered insistence that he had been a member of Gen. C. L. Channault's "Flying Tigers," which were markedly non-British. Actually, his brother and present partner had indeed joined a British army. Sharp suspicions were aroused by his bewildered insistence that he had been a member of Gen. C. L. Channault's "Flying Tigers," which were markedly non-British. Actually, his brother and present, partner had indeed joined a British army. Sharp suspicions were aroused by his bewildered insistence that he had been a member of Gen. C. L. Channault's "Flying Tigers," which were markedly non-British. Actually, his brother and present, partner had indeed joined a British army. Sharp suspicions were aroused by his bewildered insistence that he had been a member of Gen. C. L. Channault's "Flying Tigers," which were markedly non-British. Actually, his brother and present, partner had indeed joined a British army. Sharp suspicions were aroused by his bewildered insistence that he had been a member of Gen. C. L. Channault's "Flying Tigers," which were markedly non-British. Actually, his brother and present, partner had indeed joined a British army. Sharp suspicions grounds, but this fact had not filtered through to the Japanese prison camp.

The day was barely saved, and the suspected one per-

that the existing security system is not foolproof. The letter from the stenographer with the "sixth sense" further suggests that in some respects lace's Progressive Party.

The second agent had at least got the name right. As his to hand over raw security files to people like Senator Mc-

Tolson. Nichols Belmont & Elègg. Harbo -Rosen \_ Tracy\_ Gearty ... Mohr \_ Winterrowd \_\_\_ Tele. Room \_ Holloman .... Sizoo \_\_\_ Miss Gandy

13 APR 14 1053 Times-Herald Wash. Post Wash. News Wash. Star N.Y. Herald Tribune \_\_\_\_\_ N.Y. Mirror Date:

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ALL INFORMATION CONTA

No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 CURITY INFORMATION SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR cc - Mr. Belmont CLUSS FIGURION Assistant Attorney General June Warren Olney III ATTA TEROTECATY OR CHATATHERD Director, FBI REPRIN AS IDEALY ASIA INC. EXCEPT ATLEXE SHOWN OTRERWISE JOSEPH ALSOP: STEWART ALSOP ESPIONAGE - X Classified by ATOMIC ENERGY ACT Declassify on: The Atomic Energy Commission, in a communication dated June 6, 1953, classified Secret Security Information, advised that Stewart Alsop at approximately 5:00 P.M., on June 4, 1953, telephonically requested clearance for a proposed article. The Atomic Energy Commission advised that the statements contained in Alsop's proposed article appeared to be based on an unauthorized disclosure of information. There is attached a copy of the proposed article by Stewart Alsop which is identified as Attachment I. together with a copy of the rewritten article identified as Attachment II. The Atomic Energy Commission stated that Stewart Alsop had obtained a "no objection" from the Atomic Energy Commission's Office of Classification on the rewritten article which Alsop indicated would be published. The Atomic Energy Commission stated that a top secret film on the 1952 Eniwetok Tests containing documentation of the testing of a thermonuclear device, including scenes similar to those described in Attachment I had been shown to top level officials of the Department of Defense, both FILED civilian and military, to key members of the Atomic Energy Commission, and to certain other high-ranking Covernment The Atomic Energy Commission stated that approximately eight showings of this film had been made prior "to the inquiry by Stewart Alsop. The Atomic Energy Commission stated also that a record was maintained of persons attending the glowing of the film. Information contained in the proposed article is similar to previous data which has appeared in the press. Alsop by identifying the information with the showing of an official film on the Enluctor Tests could not be regarded as being speculative according to the 4 this theray Commidate cc - 62-98194 KWD:eme

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JUN 23 1953

COMM - FBI

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The Atomic Energy Commission also stated that the unauthorized disclosure of information appearing in the top secret film would be considered security information affecting the national defense. (1)

The Atomic Energy Commission did not indicate whether or not the classified information possibly disclosed would be declassified for the purposes of prosecution in the event a violation was found to exist. It is noted, however, in previous instances involving a leakage of similar classified information that the Atomic Energy Commission has stated that such a determination would have to be made on a high policy-making level after all facts had been determined. Concerning this matter, your attention is called to previous correspondence under the caption "Leakage of Classified Information Through Newspaper Columnists, Espionage - X." Reference is also made to information previously furnished to the Criminal Division under the caption "Joseph Alsop; Stewart Alsop, Unknown Subject, (Columns of May 5 and June 18, 1952), Espionage - X."

You are requested to advise whether an investigation is desired in connection with this matter.

100-354477

Attalphhent

(U)

100-354477

BY SEECIAL MESSENGER

Dates

June 36, 1953

Spyrothyment

Tos

Captain John A. Waters Director of Security Atomic Energy Commission Room EOSB

333 Third Street, Northwest

Washington, D. C.

Promi

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John Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject:

JOSEPH ALSOP; SIEWARTUALSOP ESPIONAGE - X ATCHIC ENERGY ACT

Reference is made to your letter dated June 6, 1953, concerning the possible unauthorized disclosure of information appearing in a top secret film on the 1952 Eniwetok Tests.

The Criminal Division of the Department of Justice, in a memorandum dated June 23, 1953, requested that a preliminary inquiry in connection with this matte be made.

The Criminal Division requested that we asce whether the classified information disclosed would be declassified by the Atomic Energy Commission in the even of future prosecution. We would appreciate your advice regarding the declassification of the information for prosecution in accordance with the request of the Crimin Division.

18PH '53 in connection will be advised of the pertinent develop

FBI cc - 1 - Washington Field (For Info) \ (Under separate

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cc - 62-98194

SECURITY

Nichols Belmont Clegg Glavin Rosen Tracy Gearty Mohr. Tele, Room ...

Miss Gandy \_

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Son Steel

THE STREET OF THE STREET

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elicing the country The Griminal Division of the Department, in a communication dated June 23, 1953, requested a preliminary inquiry concerning this matter. There is attached a copy of the communication received from the Criminal Division for your assistance in conducting the inquiry. There is also attached a copy of a letter to the Atomic Energy Commission from the Bureau dated June 26, 1953.

The investigation must be given preferred attention and a report should be submitted within two weeks after the receipt of this communication reflecting the results of your inquiry. The Bureau should be kept informed of any important developments. us any important developments.

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No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 SEE REVERSE  $side_{FOR}$ CLASSIFICATION ACTIONBELLEGICATION ON CHATAINED RENELATIONS .. IL TEL June 30, 1953 SAC. Washington Field EXCEPTIVE SHOWS -OTHERWISE RECORDED - 85 / FBI (100-354477) 54477-149 JOSEPH ALSOP; STEWART ALSOP ESPIONACE -X ATOMIC ENERGY ACT The Atomic Energy Commission, in a communication dated June 6, 1953, classified Secret Security Information, advised that Stewart Alsop telephonically contacted the Commission at 5:00 P.M.; on June 4, 1953, for the purpose of requesting clearance for a proposed article. The Atomic Energy Commission advised that the statements contained in the proposed article appeared to be based on an unauthorized disclosure of information. A copy of the proposed article by Stewart Alsop, identified as Attachment I, together with a copy of the rewritten article identified as Attachment II is attached for your information. The Atomic Energy Commission stated that there had been no objection on the part of the Atomic 8 Energy Commission's Office of Classification regarding the 1 ( Q. rewritten article. Ä With regard to Attachment I, the Atomic Energy COPY FILMD Commission stated that a top secret film on the 1952 Eniwetok Tests containing documentation of the testing of a thermonuclear device had been shown to top level officials of the Department of Defense, both civilian and military, to key members of the Atomic Energy Commission, and other to key members of the Atomic Energy Commission, and the high-ranking Government officials. The Atomic Energy Commission stated that approximately eight showings of this film had been and prior to the inquiry by Stewart Alsop. According to AEC, similar articles of a speculative nature have appeared in the press, but since Alsop's article identified the inin the press, but since Alsop's article identified the information with the showing of antesficial film, it could not be regarded as speculative and would be considered security information affecting the national defense of the Atomic Energy Commission reported that a record has been maintained reflecting Tolson the identity of persons who have attended the showing film.

Ladd. Nichols Belmont Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Mohr -Winterrowd .... Tele. Room -Holloman ...

MAILED 9 JUN 3 0 1953



No classified DOE information per DOE letter dated February 26, 2014 SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATI RECORDED - 85 ACTION THE THE CHARLES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT 100-35447 NECEST WARE STORY BY SPECIAL MESSENGE OPERETATE \ Date: June 12, 1953 To: Captain John A. Waters Director of Security Atomic Energy Commission. Room 8058 Declass 333 Third Street, Northwest Washington, D. C. John Edgar Hoover, Director Frome Federal Bureau of Investigation JOSEPH ALSOP; STEMME ALSOP Subject: ESPIONAGE - X ATOMIC ENERGY ACT Reference is made to your letter dated June 6, 1953, concerning the possible unauthorized disclosure of information appearing in a top secret film on the 1952 Eniwetok Tests to Stewart Alsop. The information contained in your communication has been referred to the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice. You will be advised in the event an Univert is conducted in connection with this motion KWD: emey w cc - 62-98194 ROOM SECURITY 54 JUN 15